## New York State

## Economic Report

Graphic Overview

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## Chairman

New York State Assembly
Ways and Means Committee Staff
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## United States Forecast

Figure 1, page 1


Figure 2, page 2

## Ratio of U.S. Household Debt to Disposable Income



Note: Data is quarterly through 2012:Q3.
Sources: Federal Reserve; U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Figure 3, page 3


Figure 4, page 4


Table 1, page 5

| U.S. Economic Outlook (Percent Change) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual 2010 | Actual 2011 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Estimate } \\ & 2012 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ |
| Real GDP | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.8 |
| Consumption | 1.8 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.5 |
| Investment | 13.7 | 5.2 | 9.6 | 5.8 | 8.9 |
| Exports | 11.1 | 6.7 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 5.3 |
| Imports | 12.5 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 5.0 |
| Government | 0.6 | (3.1) | (1.7) | (1.3) | (1.0) |
| Federal | 4.5 | (2.8) | (2.2) | (2.6) | (2.5) |
| State and Local | (1.8) | (3.4) | (1.3) | (0.4) | 0.0 |
| Personal Income | 3.8 | 5.1 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 4.7 |
| Wages \& Salaries | 2.1 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 4.8 |
| Corporate Profits | 26.8 | 7.3 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 3.4 |
| Productivity | 3.1 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.5 |
| Employment | (0.7) | 1.2 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.7 |
| Unemployment Rate* | 9.6 | 8.9 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 7.3 |
| CPI-Urban | 1.6 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| S\&P 500 Stock Price | 20.3 | 11.4 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 5.7 |
| Treasury Bill Rate (3-month)* | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Treasury Note Rate (10-year)* | 3.2 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.6 |
| * Annual average rate. <br> Note: Personal income and corporate profits are nominal. <br> Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; Federal Reserve; Standard \& Poor's; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff. |  |  |  |  |  |

Consumption
Figure 5, page 7

## U.S. Real Personal Consumption Spending Growth



Note: Data for 2012 is estimated; 2013 and 2014 are forecasts.
Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff.

## U.S. Real Disposable Personal Income Growth



Note: Data for 2012 is estimated; 2013 and 2014 are forecasts.
Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; NYSAssembly Ways and Means Committee staff.

## U.S. Household Assets and Net Worth Growth




Note: Data is for the fourth quarter of each year except for 2012, where data is based on third quarter. Net Worth is equal to assets minus liabilities. Assets include nonfinacial assets such as real estate and consumer durable goods; and financial assets such as corporate equiites, credit market instruments, and deposits.
Source: Federal Reserve.

Figure 8, page 9

## Willingness to Make Consumer Installment Loans



Note: Data is quarterly through 2013:Q1. Bank data was taken from a survey of approximatelyfifty to sixty-eight domestic banks and nineteen to twenty-eight U.S. branches and agencies offoreign banks. The percentage is the fraction of banks that reported increased willingness to make consumer installment loans from the previous three months.
Source: Federal Reserve.


## U.S. Home Equity Cash-Out Volume



Note: Data is quarterly through 2012:Q4. Total Home Equity Cashed Out is through the refinancing of prime, firstlien conventional mortgages.

Source: Freddie Mac Refinance Activities Reports.


## U.S. Real Personal Consumption Spending Growth by Sector



Note: Data for 2012 is estimated; 2013 and 2014 are forecasts. Shaded areas representrecessions.
Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; NYSAssembly Ways and Means Committee staff.

Investment
Figure 13, page 14

## U.S. Real Investment Spending Growth Percent Change




Note: Data for 2012 is estimated; 2013 and 2014 are forecasts.
Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff.


Nonresidential Fixed Investment Spending
Figure 15, page 16



Figure 17, page 19




Figure 20, page 22
National Housing Inventory
Thousand units
Note: Data is quarterly through 2012:Q3.
Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

Government Spending
Figure 21, page 23

## U.S. Real Government Spending Growth



Note: Data for 2012 is estimated; 2013 and 2014 are forecasts.
Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff.

Figure 22, page 24


## U.S. Budget Deficit or Surplus Percentage of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (Fiscal Year Basis)



Note: Data for fiscal years 2013 and 2014 are estimates. The federal fiscal year starts October 1 and ends September 30 of the next calendar year. Therefore, fiscal year 2013 is from October 1, 2012, through September 30, 2013. The Congressional Budget Office assumes current laws.
Source: U.S. Congressional Budget Office.

Figure 24, page 27


Exports and Imports
Figure 25, page 28


## U.S. Dollar Value and World GDP Growth Percent Change



Note: Data for 2012 is estimated; 2013 and 2014 are forecasts.
Sources: Federal Reserve; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff.


Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.


Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

Employment
Figure 29, page 32

## U.S. Cumulative Employment Change Compared to Peak

Months After Employment Peak


Note: Data is monthlythrough January 2013.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, CES.

## U.S. Nonfarm Payroll Employment Growth



Note: Data for 2012 is estimated; 2013 and 2014 are forecasts.
Sources: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff.

Table 2, page 34

| U.S. Employment by Sector (Percent Change) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual 2010 | Actual 2011 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Estimate } \\ & 2012 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ |
| Total | (0.7) | 1.2 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.7 |
| Construction | (8.3) | 0.3 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 5.7 |
| Manufacturing ${ }^{1}$ | (2.5) | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| Retail Trade | (0.5) | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 0.8 |
| Transp. \& Utilities ${ }^{2}$ | (1.1) | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.9 |
| Wholesale Trade | (2.4) | 1.7 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
| Information | (3.4) | (1.2) | 0.2 | (0.1) | (0.8) |
| Finance \& Insurance | (1.4) | 0.1 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| Real Estate, Rental, \& Leasing | (3.0) | (0.4) | 1.2 | 1.5 | 3.0 |
| Professional Services | (0.9) | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.2 |
| Mgmt. of Companies | 0.3 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 1.6 | 2.6 |
| Education and Health ${ }^{3}$ | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Leisure \& Hospitality | (0.2) | 2.4 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| Other Senvices ${ }^{4}$ | 1.4 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
| Government | (0.3) | (1.8) | (0.8) | (0.4) | 0. |
| Federal | 5.2 | (3.9) | (1.5) | (1.6) | (1.1) |
| State and Local | (1.1) | (1.4) | (0.7) | (0.3) | 0.2 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Including Mining and Logging. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities. <br> ${ }^{3}$ Includes private employment. Public education and health employment is included in the government sector. <br> ${ }^{4}$ Including Administrative, Support, and Waste Management Services. <br> Sources: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics (CES); NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff. |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 3, page 35

## Sector Share of Employment Change and Average Weekly Wage

## Share of Total Employment Change 2010:Q1 to 2012:Q1

(\%)

## Total Nonfarm

Administrative and Waste Services
Accommodation and Food Services
Health Care and Social Assistance
Manufacturing
Professional and Technical Services
Retail Trade
Natural Resources and Mining
Transportation and Warehousing
Wholesale Trade
Educational Services
Management of Companies and Enterprises
Other services except public administration
Construction
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation
Finance and Insurance
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing
Information
Total Government
100.0
17.7
16.4
15.9
11.2
10.6
10.2
5.9
5.9
4.8
4.6
3.7
3.1
2.2
1.9
0.9
0.1
(1.2)
(14.4)

Average
Weekly Wage 2011
(\$)
924.0
651.0
337.0
856.0

1,139.0
1,535.0
521.0

1,033.0
872.0

1,272.0 840.0

1,982.0 575.0 975.0 634.0

1,698.0 882.0

1,506.0
946.0

Note: Data is not seasonally adjusted.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, QCEW.

Figure 31, page 36


Figure 32, page 37

## Median Number of Weeks Unemployed



Note: Data is through January 2013 and is seasonallyadjusted. Shaded areas representrecessions. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Table 4, page 38
Labor Force Participation Rates

|  | December <br> $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | December <br> $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | December <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | December <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | December <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 67.0 | 66.0 | 64.3 | 64.0 | 63.6 |
| By Age |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16-24 years | 65.9 | 59.2 | 54.7 | 55.2 | 55.3 |
| 25-34 years | 84.5 | 83.1 | 81.7 | 81.5 | 81.9 |
| 35-44 years | 84.8 | 83.9 | 82.8 | 82.6 | 82.5 |
| 45-54 years | 82.3 | 82.2 | 81.0 | 80.6 | 79.7 |
| 55-64 years | 59.3 | 64.1 | 64.5 | 64.2 | 65.4 |
| 65 years \& older | 12.9 | 16.2 | 17.5 | 18.2 | 18.5 |
| By Gender |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 74.7 | 73.1 | 70.7 | 70.5 | 70.0 |
| Female | 59.9 | 59.4 | 58.3 | 57.8 | 57.7 |
| Note: Data is seasonally adjusted. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. |  |  |  |  |  |

## U.S. Personal Income Growth



Note: Data for 2012 is estimated; 2013 and 2014 are forecasts.
Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff.

## U.S. Wage and Salary Growth




Note: Data for 2012 is estimated; 2013 and 2014 are forecasts.
Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff.

| U.S. Consumer Price Index (CPI) by Category (Percent Change) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
| All Items | 2.9 | 3.8 | (0.3) | 1.6 | 3.1 | 2.1 |
| Services | 3.3 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 2.1 |
| Food \& Beverages | 3.9 | 5.4 | 1.9 | 0.8 | 3.6 | 2.5 |
| Energy | 5.7 | 13.7 | (18.1) | 9.5 | 15.2 | 0.9 |
| Housing | 3.2 | 3.2 | 0.4 | (0.4) | 1.3 | 1.7 |
| Apparel | (0.4) | (0.1) | 1.0 | (0.5) | 2.2 | 3.4 |
| Transportation | 2.2 | 5.7 | (8.1) | 7.9 | 9.7 | 2.4 |
| Medical Care | 4.4 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 3.7 |
| Recreation | 0.5 | 1.6 | 0.9 | (0.8) | 0.0 | 1.2 |
| Education and Communication | 2.4 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1.8 |
| Other Goods and Services | 3.6 | 3.6 | 6.7 | 3.4 | 1.6 | 1.9 |
| All Items Less Food \& Energy (Core) | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 2.1 |
| Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Figure 35, page 43



Note: Data is monthly through December 2012. Real values are inflation-adjusted using CPI (All Urban Consumers 1982-84 = 100). The refiner acquisition cost of oil is a volume w eighted average price of imported oils.

Sources: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; U.S. Energy Information Administration.

## U.S. Regular Conventional Retail Gasoline Price



Note: Data is weekly through February 18, 2013. Shaded areas representrecessions.
Source: U.S. Energy Information Adm inistration.

## Corporate Profits

Figure 38, page 46

## U.S. Corporate Profits



Note: Data is quarterly through 2014:Q4; the first forecast period is 2012:Q4.
Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff.



## Stock Market

Figure 41, page 48


Figure 42, page 49


## Interest Rates

Figure 43, page 50

## U.S. Interest Rates



Note: Data is quarterly through 2014:Q4; the first forecastperiod is 2013:Q1.
Sources: Federal Reserve; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff.

| U.S. Real GDP Forecast Comparison (Percent Change) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual 2011 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ |
| Ways and Means | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.8 |
| Division of the Budget | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 3.1 |
| Blue Chip Consensus | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.8 |
| Moody's Economy.com | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 4.0 |
| Macroeconomic Advisers | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 3.1 |
| IHS Global Insight | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.8 |
| Sources: NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff; NYS Division of Budget, FY 2014 Executive Budget Financial Plan, February 2013; Blue Chip Economic Indicators, February 2013; Moody's Economy.com, February 2013; Macroeconomic Advisers LLC, February 2013; IHS Global Insight, February 2013. |  |  |  |  |

New York State Forecast

Figure 44, page 53

## New York State Employment and Wages

Employment


Wages


Note: Data for 2012 is estimated; 2013 and 2014 are forecasts.
Sources: NYS Department of Labor; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff.

## New York State Economic Outlook

 (Percent Change)|  | Actual | Actual | Estimate | Forecast | Forecast |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employment | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ |
| Personal Income | 0.1 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Total Wages [calendar year basis] | 5.6 | 4.4 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 5.5 |
| Base Wages | 4.3 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 4.2 | 4.8 |
| $\quad$ Variable Compensation | 1.9 | 4.2 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 4.4 |
| Total Wages [fiscal year basis] | 26.6 | 0.6 | $(5.5)$ | 8.8 | 8.4 |
| $\quad$ Base Wages | 5.4 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 4.5 | 5.1 |
| $\quad$ Variable Compensation | 2.6 | 4.4 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 4.5 |
| New York Area CPI | 28.4 | $(15.5)$ | 5.3 | 8.8 | 10.2 |
| Note: Base w ages and variable compensation are estimated by the NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff and |  |  |  |  |  |
| sum to total wages. New York area CPI is based on the New York-Northern NJ-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA CPI-U series |  |  |  |  |  |
| from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. For fiscal year variables, 2010 represents SFY 2010-11, etc. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; NYS Department of Labor, QCEW; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; NYS |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff. |  |  |  |  |  |

Employment
Figure 45, page 56

## Employment Change During Recessions New York State and U.S.



$$
- \text { NYS -U.S. }
$$

Note: Data is quarterly through 2012:Q4. Shaded areas represent recessions.
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, CES.


Table 8, page 59

| New York State Nonfarm Employment by Sector (Percent Change) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual 2010 | Actual 2011 | Estimated 2012 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ |
| Total | 0.1 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Leisure \& Hospitality | 3.3 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 |
| Professional Services | (1.5) | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 3.4 |
| Retail Trade | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Other Services ${ }^{1}$ | 1.3 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| Construction | (5.4) | 0.4 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 4.0 |
| Information | (0.1) | 1.3 | 1.8 | (0.5) | (0.8) |
| Management of Companies | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 2.0 |
| Education \& Health ${ }^{2}$ | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Wholesale Trade | (1.3) | 1.7 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| Real Estate, Rental, \& Leasing | (1.3) | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.9 |
| Manufacturing ${ }^{4}$ | (3.9) | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Transp. \& Utilities ${ }^{3}$ | (1.9) | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.8 |
| Finance \& Insurance | (1.8) | 2.1 | (0.1) | (0.2) | 0.2 |
| Government | (0.5) | (2.8) | (1.4) | (0.7) | (0.2) |
| Note: Industries are ranked by 2012 employment growth; rankings are based on two decimal places. ${ }^{1}$ Including Administrative, Support, and Waste Management Services. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Includes private employment. Public education and health employment is included in the government sector. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{3}$ Transportation, Warehousing, <br> ${ }^{4}$ Including Mining. <br> Sources: NYS Department of L | ties. EW; NYS | mbly Wa | and Means C | mmittee sta |  |

Regional Employment
Table 9, page 62

| New York State Employment Change During Recession and Recovery (Percent Change) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Recession } \\ \text { 2008:Q2-2009:Q2 } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Recovery } \\ \text { 2009:Q2-2012:Q2 } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  | New York State | Downstate | Upstate | New York State | Downstat | Upstate |
| Total Nonfarm | (3.2) | (3.3) | (3.0) | 2.7 | 3.8 | 0.1 |
| Leisure \& Hospitality | (1.6) | (1.7) | (1.2) | 13.0 | 16.5 | 6.2 |
| Professional Services | (4.4) | (5.2) | (2.3) | 5.6 | 6.5 | 3.2 |
| Other Services ${ }^{1}$ | (5.8) | (5.5) | (6.6) | 6.3 | 7.1 | 3.2 |
| Information | (3.7) | (4.7) | (4.1) | 2.9 | 5.2 | (9.4) |
| Retail Trade | (4.2) | (4.6) | (3.6) | 5.6 | 8.2 | 1.6 |
| Education \& Health | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 5.2 | 6.1 | 2.9 |
| Wholesale Trade | (6.6) | (7.1) | (5.1) | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| Finance \& Insurance | (7.3) | (8.2) | (3.6) | (0.5) | 0.3 | (1.2) |
| Management of Companies | (0.4) | (1.7) | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 0.1 |
| Trans portation \& Utilities ${ }^{2}$ | (4.8) | (4.3) | (6.4) | (0.9) | (0.7) | (1.5) |
| Construction | (10.0) | (10.8) | (7.6) | (4.3) | (7.4) | (0.5) |
| Real Estate, Rental, \& Leasing | (4.1) | (3.7) | (5.6) | (0.4) | 0.3 | (2.1) |
| Manufacturing ${ }^{3}$ | (11.2) | (11.0) | (11.4) | (4.0) | (5.9) | (2.5) |
| Government | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | (4.6) | (4.3) | (5.3) |
| Note: New York State total incluc ${ }^{1}$ Including Administrative, Su ${ }^{2}$ Transportation, Warehousin ${ }^{3}$ Including Mining. <br> Source: NYS Department of | udes unclas port, and Wa , and Utilitie <br> abor, QCEW | fied data. <br> e Manageme |  |  |  |  |

Table 10, page 63

| New York State Nonfarm Employment by Region2008-2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  |  | 2011 |  |  |
|  | Employment <br> (Thousands) | Share of <br> Total State <br> Employment <br> (\%) | Employment <br> (Thousands) | Share of <br> Total State <br> Employment <br> (\%) | Employment Change 2008-2009 <br> (\%) | Employment <br> (Thousands) | Share of <br> Total State <br> Employment <br> (\%) | Employment <br> Change 2009-2011 <br> (\%) |
| New York State | 8,573.7 | 100.0 | 8,312.0 | 100.0 | (3.1) | 8,420.0 | 100.0 | 1.3 |
| Downstate | 5,783.4 | 67.5 | 5,600.9 | 67.4 | (3.2) | 5,717.4 | 67.9 | 2.1 |
| New York City | 3,672.6 | 42.8 | 3,563.6 | 42.9 | (3.0) | 3,662.9 | 43.5 | 2.8 |
| Long Island | 1,221.0 | 14.2 | 1,179.3 | 14.2 | (3.4) | 1,193.7 | 14.2 | 1.2 |
| Mid-Hudson | 889.8 | 10.4 | 858.0 | 10.3 | (3.6) | 860.8 | 10.2 | 0.3 |
| Upstate | 2,652.7 | 30.9 | 2,577.5 | 31.0 | (2.8) | 2,569.6 | 30.5 | (0.3) |
| Finger Lakes | 542.9 | 6.3 | 527.1 | 6.3 | (2.9) | 531.6 | 6.3 | 0.9 |
| Western New York | 629.1 | 7.3 | 610.9 | 7.4 | (2.9) | 612.8 | 7.3 | 0.3 |
| Central New York | 348.8 | 4.1 | 337.7 | 4.1 | (3.2) | 335.4 | 4.0 | (0.7) |
| Southern Tier | 298.1 | 3.5 | 288.0 | 3.5 | (3.4) | 285.7 | 3.4 | (0.8) |
| Capital | 507.6 | 5.9 | 495.6 | 6.0 | (2.4) | 491.1 | 5.8 | (0.9) |
| North Country | 152.0 | 1.8 | 148.2 | 1.8 | (2.5) | 145.9 | 1.7 | (1.6) |
| Mohawk Valley | 174.2 | 2.0 | 169.9 | 2.0 | (2.5) | 167.1 | 2.0 | (1.6) |
| Note: New York State total includes unclassified data. Source: NYS Department of Labor, QCEW. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Wages
Figure 47, page 64


Figure 48, page 65


Table 11, page 66

| New York State Average Wage by Industry <br> (\$) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry Title | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
| Total, All Industries | 59,499 | 60,384 | 57,794 | 60,263 | 61,768 |
| Total, All Private | 61,455 | 62,195 | 58,881 | 61,523 | 63,057 |
| Finance and Insurance | 208,490 | 207,411 | 173,899 | 194,216 | 201,442 |
| Mgmt. of Companies and Enterprises | 141,100 | 133,198 | 119,804 | 140,145 | 142,705 |
| Utilities | 92,640 | 93,997 | 92,469 | 97,935 | 102,917 |
| Information | 86,365 | 88,239 | 87,970 | 90,896 | 95,978 |
| Professional and Technical Services | 84,813 | 88,231 | 87,136 | 90,886 | 94,054 |
| Wholesale Trade | 69,231 | 69,450 | 69,282 | 71,700 | 73,798 |
| Mining | 54,580 | 60,378 | 55,819 | 58,567 | 67,664 |
| Construction | 55,889 | 59,123 | 59,834 | 60,268 | 61,495 |
| Manufacturing | 56,007 | 57,239 | 57,144 | 59,439 | 60,059 |
| Real Estate and Rental and Leasing | 55,614 | 55,100 | 52,417 | 54,606 | 56,595 |
| Government | 49,774 | 51,422 | 52,594 | 54,198 | 55,252 |
| Educational Services | 43,619 | 45,320 | 46,772 | 47,299 | 48,733 |
| Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation | 44,514 | 45,226 | 44,246 | 45,173 | 45,775 |
| Health Care and Social Assistance | 41,409 | 42,945 | 44,104 | 44,653 | 45,282 |
| Transportation and Warehousing | 42,335 | 42,877 | 42,477 | 43,888 | 44,479 |
| Administrative and Waste Services | 39,470 | 40,664 | 40,546 | 42,529 | 41,931 |
| Other Services | 31,839 | 33,756 | 33,602 | 34,697 | 35,280 |
| Retail Trade | 29,199 | 29,518 | 29,202 | 29,582 | 30,260 |
| Agr., Forestry, Fishing \& Hunting | 27,239 | 27,894 | 28,275 | 29,032 | 29,590 |
| Accommodation and Food Services | 21,094 | 21,678 | 21,369 | 22,191 | 22,815 |
| Note: Average wage is total wages divided by total employment. Source: NYS Department of Labor, QCEW. |  |  |  |  |  |

Variable Compensation
Figure 49, page 68


Finance and Insurance Sector
Figure 50, page 70


| New York State Exports by Type |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Share of Total Exports |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ |
| Total (\$ in Millions) | $\mathbf{\$ 5 9 , 1 3 2}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 7 1 , 1 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 1 , 3 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 8 , 7 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 9 , 6 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 4 , 8 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 9 , 9 8 6}$ |
| Manufacturing | $81.3 \%$ | $80.6 \%$ | $79.5 \%$ | $76.9 \%$ | $77.9 \%$ | $79.1 \%$ | $81.8 \%$ |
| Computer and Electronic Products | $12.9 \%$ | $10.7 \%$ | $9.5 \%$ | $10.8 \%$ | $9.2 \%$ | $8.2 \%$ | $8.1 \%$ |
| Machinery (Except Electrical) | $9.8 \%$ | $9.5 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $8.6 \%$ | $8.5 \%$ | $7.9 \%$ | $8.1 \%$ |
| Chemicals | $8.2 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $7.9 \%$ |
| Transportation Equipments | $9.4 \%$ | $8.6 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $8.6 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ | $7.0 \%$ |
| Primary Metal Manufacturing | $6.9 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $11.7 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ | $7.1 \%$ | $9.8 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| All Other Manufacturing | $34.1 \%$ | $33.8 \%$ | $34.3 \%$ | $35.8 \%$ | $37.0 \%$ | $37.1 \%$ | $38.3 \%$ |
| Used or second hand merchandise | $7.8 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $8.1 \%$ | $9.2 \%$ | $7.7 \%$ | $6.9 \%$ | $7.7 \%$ |
| Waste and Scrap | $3.3 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ |
| Agriculture and Livestock Products | $0.2 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| Oil, Gas, Mineral, and Ores | $0.7 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ |
| Other | $6.8 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ | $7.0 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ |
| Note: Data for 2012 is for the first nine months. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Source: U.S. Department of Commerce. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| New York State Exports by Destination Share of Total Exports |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
| Total (\$ in Millions) | \$59,132 | \$71,116 | \$81,386 | \$58,743 | \$69,696 | \$84,888 | \$79,189 |
| Top 10 Destinations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 23.6\% | 21.1\% | 20.0\% | 21.4\% | 21.1\% | 19.2\% | 16.6\% |
| Hong Kong | 4.4\% | 4.8\% | 4.5\% | 5.0\% | 6.4\% | 9.5\% | 11.3\% |
| Switzerland | 7.1\% | 8.5\% | 6.8\% | 7.7\% | 6.8\% | 7.7\% | 8.3\% |
| United Kingdom | 6.2\% | 8.2\% | 9.7\% | 5.6\% | 6.1\% | 5.9\% | 8.0\% |
| Israel | 7.7\% | 6.8\% | 7.0\% | 6.3\% | 6.0\% | 6.0\% | 5.6\% |
| China | 3.7\% | 3.5\% | 3.5\% | 4.2\% | 4.8\% | 5.2\% | 5.4\% |
| Mexico | 3.8\% | 3.6\% | 3.8\% | 3.0\% | 3.5\% | 3.4\% | 3.4\% |
| India | 4.1\% | 3.0\% | 2.9\% | 3.0\% | 3.2\% | 3.1\% | 3.3\% |
| Belgium | 2.1\% | 2.4\% | 2.3\% | 2.6\% | 2.9\% | 3.2\% | 3.1\% |
| Germany | 4.1\% | 3.8\% | 3.8\% | 4.0\% | 4.0\% | 3.3\% | 2.9\% |
| European Union* | 24.9\% | 24.9\% | 24.3\% | 25.9\% | 24.2\% | 23.4\% | 22.9\% |
| * The European Union covers 27 countries: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, and U.K. <br> Source: U.S. Department of Commerce. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Home Price Change by New York State Metropolitan Area 2001:Q3 to 2012:Q3 (Percent Change)

|  | 2001:Q3-2007:Q3 | 2007:Q3-2011:Q3 | 2011:Q3-2012:Q3 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buffalo-Niagara Falls | 27.6 | 4.9 | 1.3 |
| Rochester | 20.1 | $(7.0)$ | 0.3 |
| Albany-Schenectady-Troy | 70.3 | $(3.2)$ | $(0.2)$ |
| Syracuse | 37.2 | $(14.9)$ | $(1.2)$ |
| New York-White Plains | 76.0 | $(16.3)$ | $\mathbf{( 0 . 9 )}$ |
| Nassau-Suffolk | 76.3 | $\mathbf{( 1 5 . 6 )}$ |  |
| New York State | $\mathbf{6 3 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{( 0 . 0 )}$ |  |
| U.S. |  |  |  |
| Note: Data is not seasonally adjusted. The FHFA index presented herein may show different price changes from the |  |  |  |
| S\&P/Case-Shiller Index. This is because the two indices use different data. The FHFA index is based on homes with |  |  |  |
| conforming loans, which have a loan limit of $\$ 417,000$ for single-family homes. Therefore, the FHFA index does not reflect |  |  |  |
| price changes for more expensive homes. The FHFA index also includes both sales and appraisal data. |  |  |  |
| Source: Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA). |  |  |  |

Table 15, page 75

## Housing Cost Burden by New York State Metropolitan Area

|  | Ow | ner |  | nter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 011 |  | 011 | Housing |
|  |  | Percent with |  | Percent with | Opportunity |
|  |  | Housing Costs |  | Housing Costs | Index |
|  | Occupied | Over 30\% of | Occupied | Over 30\% of | 2012:Q4 |
|  | Housing Units | Household | Housing Units | Household |  |
|  | Total | Income | Total | Income |  |
| Metropolitian Statistical Area |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York-Northern New |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jersey-Long Island | 3,472,909 | 42.9 | 3,317,034 | 51.9 | 29.6 |
| Poughkeepsie-Newburgh- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Middletown | 158,795 | 40.1 | 74,111 | 52.0 | 84.5 |
| Kingston | 45,415 | 37.1 | 23,712 | 54.1 | 89.6 |
| Glens Falls | 37,177 | 27.8 | 14,982 | 56.6 | 77.3 |
| Albany-Schenectady-Troy | 228,119 | 25.6 | 117,543 | 46.3 | 87.8 |
| Rochester | 283,566 | 24.8 | 135,213 | 53.7 | 86.0 |
| Syracuse | 171,897 | 23.2 | 80,318 | 48.2 | 92.4 |
| Utica-Rome | 78,930 | 23.1 | 38,800 | 48.2 | 89.3 |
| Buffalo-Niagara Falls | 307,685 | 21.8 | 159,850 | 47.8 | 90.2 |
| Binghamton | 68,536 | 20.0 | 31,606 | 45.9 | 90.9 |
| Ithaca | 21,568 | 18.2 | 17,577 | 49.2 | 88.6 |
| Elmira | 23,431 | 18.1 | 12,213 | 37.9 | NA |
| New York State | 3,851,687 | 34.4 | 3,336,251 | 51.3 | NA |
| United States | 74,264,435 | 29.6 | 40,727,290 | 49.3 | 74.9 |

Note: The Housing Opportunity Index for New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island was the Index for New York-White Plains-Wayne, NY-NJ.
Housing costs for homeowners include mortgage payment, real estate taxes, fire hazard and flood insurance, utilities, and fuels. The housing cost for renters is gross rent.
The Housing Opportunity Index is defined as the share of homes sold in the area that would have been affordable to a family earning the median income (i.e., the total monthly payment is less than 28 percent of the monthly median household income).
Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2011 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates; National Association of Home Builders.

Capital Gains
Figure 51, page 77
Total Assets Held by U.S. Households and Stock Price Index


Sources: Federal Reserve, Flow of Funds of the United States; Internal Revenue Service.

## Share of Taxable Capital Gains for Selected Assets 1999 and 2007



> Asset Type
$\square$
Source: Internal Revenue Service.


| New York State Forecast Comparison (Percent Change) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual 2011 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Estimate } \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ |
| Employment |  |  |  |  |
| Ways and Means | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Division of the Budget | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Wages |  |  |  |  |
| Ways and Means | 3.7 | 2.2 | 4.2 | 4.8 |
| Division of the Budget | 3.7 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 5.0 |
| Sources: NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff; NYS Division of Budget, FY 2014 Executive Budget Financial Plan, February 2013. |  |  |  |  |

## Appendices

| U.S. Expansions since World War II (Based on NBER Business Cycle Dates) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trough to Peak | Expansions in the first three years following the end of a recession |  |  |  |
|  | GDP | Consumption | Investment | Employment |
| 1961:Q1-1969:Q4 | $\begin{gathered} \hline 21.4 \% \\ \$ 602.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 22.4 \% \\ \$ 400.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 42.5 \% \\ \$ 112.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6.8 \% \\ 3,666.0 \end{gathered}$ |
| 1970:Q4-1973:Q4 | $\begin{gathered} 15.6 \% \\ \$ 665.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 14.6 \% \\ \$ 400.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 47.1 \% \\ \$ 215.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.3 \% \\ 6,546.7 \end{array}$ |
| 1975:Q1-1980:Q1 | $\begin{gathered} 19.7 \% \\ \$ 944.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18.1 \% \\ \$ 567.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 57.6 \% \\ \$ 283.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.3 \% \\ 7,170.0 \end{array}$ |
| 1980:Q3-1981:Q3 | $\begin{array}{r} 4.4 \% \\ \$ 253.3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2.3 \% \\ \$ 86.3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 22.5 \% \\ \$ 147.2 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.2 \% \\ 1,096.0 \end{array}$ |
| 1982:Q4-1990:Q3 | $\begin{array}{r} 19.6 \% \\ \$ 1,150.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 13.6 \% \\ \$ 740.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 55.3 \% \\ \$ 343.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10.2 \% \\ 9,016.0 \end{array}$ |
| Average over All Previous Expansions | $\begin{gathered} 16.2 \% \\ \$ 583.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 13.6 \% \\ \$ 340.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36.8 \% \\ \$ 155.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.8 \% \\ 4,925.0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 1991:Q1-2001:Q1 | $\begin{gathered} 12.0 \% \\ \$ 953.3 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12.4 \% \\ \$ 654.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 37.8 \% \\ \$ 337.5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2.9 \% \\ 3,169.3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 2001:Q4-2007:Q4 | $\begin{gathered} 10.6 \% \\ \$ 1,200.7 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 10.8 \% \\ \$ 859.8 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 25.8 \% \\ \$ 445.5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.5 \% \\ 686.0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| 2009:Q2-2012:Q4 | $\begin{gathered} 7.5 \% \\ \$ 946.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7.5 \% \\ \$ 672.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 38.1 \% \\ \$ 531.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3.2 \% \\ 4,545.3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

Note: GDP, consumption, and investment are in chained 2005 dollars. Employment is nonfarm total and in thousands. The percentages are the percent changes from the trough levels. The peak and trough dates are the dates picked by the NBER Business Cycle Dating Committee.
GDP has been expanding for 14 quarters. To compare growth in this expansion to previous expansions over the same period of time, GDP for all previous expansions is 14 quarters out from the trough, except in the cases of GDP expansions that lasted shorter than 14 quarters. The same was done for consumption (14 quarters expansion), investment (13 quarters expansion), and employment (11 quarters expansion).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff.

## NYS Employment and Wages in NAICS Sectors

|  | Employment <br> (Thousands) |  |  | Wages (\$ in Billions) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Estimate } \\ & 2012 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Estimate } \\ & 2012 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | Forecast 2014 |
| Total | 8,540.0 | 8,642.5 | 8,758.5 | 532.3 | 554.9 | 581.6 |
| Education \& Health | 1,625.1 | 1,647.8 | 1,672.7 | 76.7 | 80.9 | 85.3 |
| Government | 1,374.1 | 1,364.4 | 1,361.0 | 77.3 | 78.4 | 79.7 |
| Retail Trade | 909.8 | 921.1 | 933.1 | 28.2 | 29.4 | 30.8 |
| Other Services | 768.1 | 780.9 | 792.8 | 30.7 | 31.9 | 33.4 |
| Financial Activities | 674.5 | 674.5 | 677.2 | 106.1 | 111.6 | 118.0 |
| Leisure \& Hospitality | 797.3 | 823.4 | 851.4 | 22.1 | 23.1 | 24.4 |
| Professional Services | 593.7 | 613.0 | 634.0 | 57.2 | 60.6 | 64.6 |
| Manufacturing | 462.1 | 463.0 | 463.7 | 28.4 | 29.3 | 30.2 |
| Construction | 312.6 | 322.6 | 335.4 | 19.6 | 20.8 | 22.2 |
| Wholesale Trade | 333.5 | 335.9 | 338.5 | 25.4 | 26.2 | 27.4 |
| Transport \& Utilities | 256.0 | 257.2 | 259.3 | 14.1 | 14.7 | 15.5 |
| Information | 259.1 | 257.8 | 255.9 | 25.6 | 26.2 | 27.2 |
| Management of Companies | 134.5 | 136.6 | 139.3 | 19.3 | 20.4 | 21.4 |
| Note: Some NAICS sectors are grouped with others. For sector definitions, see Appendix H. Sources: NYS Department of Labor, QCEW; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff. |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| NYS Employment and Wage Growth in NAICS Sectors (Percent Change) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Employment |  |  | Wages |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Estimate } \\ & 2012 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Estimate } \\ & 2012 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ |
| Total | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 4.2 | 4.8 |
| Information | 1.8 | (0.5) | (0.8) | 4.8 | 2.6 | 3.6 |
| Government | (1.4) | (0.7) | (0.2) | 0.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| Manufacturing | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.3 |
| Financial Activities | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.4 | (3.7) | 5.2 | 5.7 |
| Wholesale Trade | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 4.3 | 3.3 | 4.6 |
| Transport \& Utilities | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.8 |
| Retail Trade | 2.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.7 |
| Education \& Health | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 4.1 | 5.3 | 5.5 |
| Other Services | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 4.6 |
| Management of Companies | 1.3 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 5.4 | 5.3 |
| Leisure \& Hospitality | 4.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 6.7 | 4.5 | 5.9 |
| Professional Services | 3.8 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 6.7 |
| Construction | 1.8 | 3.2 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 6.0 | 7.2 |


| New York State Economic Outlook State Fiscal Year |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Actual 2011-12 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Estimate } \\ 2012-13 \end{gathered}$ | Forecast 2013-14 | Forecast 2014-15 |
| Employment | Percent Change | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
|  | Level | 8,453.6 | 8,564.5 | 8,670.0 | 8,788.5 |
| Personal Income | Percent Change | 2.9 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 5.7 |
|  | Level | 981.4 | 1,015.0 | 1,054.4 | 1,114.3 |
| Total Wages | Percent Change | 1.8 | 3.1 | 4.5 | 5.1 |
|  | Level | 522.2 | 538.5 | 562.7 | 591.5 |
| Base Wages | Percent Change | 4.4 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 4.5 |
|  | Level | 465.4 | 478.7 | 497.6 | 519.8 |
| Variable Compensation | Percent Change | (15.5) | 5.3 | 8.8 | 10.2 |
|  | Level | 56.8 | 59.8 | 65.1 | 71.8 |
| CPI (1982-84=100) | Percent Change | 3.0 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
|  | Level | 249.3 | 253.6 | 258.3 | 263.2 |
| Note: Employment level is in thousands; wage and personal income levels are in billions of dollars. Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; NYS Department of Labor, QCEW; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff. |  |  |  |  |  |


| U.S. Economic Outlook (Levels) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual $2011$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Estimate } \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forecast } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | Forecast $2014$ |
| Real GDP* | 13,299.2 | 13,593.8 | 13,857.3 | 14,247.8 |
| Real Consumption* | 9,428.8 | 9,605.3 | 9,785.2 | 10,032.3 |
| Real Investment* | 1,744.0 | 1,912.0 | 2,023.1 | 2,203.7 |
| Real Exports* | 1,776.9 | 1,837.0 | 1,887.8 | 1,988.3 |
| Real Imports* | 2,184.9 | 2,237.6 | 2,282.4 | 2,396.0 |
| Real Government* | 2,524.0 | 2,481.8 | 2,450.4 | 2,426.3 |
| Federa/* | 1,047.1 | 1,024.0 | 997.4 | 972.7 |
| State and Local* | 1,482.0 | 1,462.5 | 1,456.9 | 1,457.6 |
| Personal Income** | 12,947.3 | 13,400.5 | 13,748.6 | 14,400.0 |
| Wages \& Salaries** | 6,661.3 | 6,874.9 | 7,114.2 | 7,456.5 |
| Corporate Profits** | 1,827.0 | 1,920.6 | 2,009.3 | 2,076.7 |
| Productivity (1992=100) | 110.2 | 111.6 | 112.8 | 114.4 |
| Employment*** | 131.5 | 133.7 | 135.7 | 137.9 |
| CPI-Urban (1982-84=100) | 224.9 | 229.6 | 233.8 | 238.4 |
| S\&P 500 Stock Price (1941-43=10) | 1,268.9 | 1,379.6 | 1,503.6 | 1,588.7 |
| Treasury Bill Rate (3-month)**** | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Treasury Bond Rate (10-year)**** | 2.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.6 |
| * In billions of chained 2005 dollars. <br> ** In billions of dollars. <br> *** In millions. <br> **** Annual average rate. <br> Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; Federal Reserve; Standard and Poor's; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff. |  |  |  |  |


|  | U.S. Economic Outlook <br> (Percent Change) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual | Estimate | Forecast | Forecast |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ |
| Real GDP | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.8 |
| Real Consumption | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.5 |
| Real Investment | 5.2 | 9.6 | 5.8 | 8.9 |
| Real Exports | 6.7 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 5.3 |
| Real Imports | 4.8 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 5.0 |
| Real Government | $(3.1)$ | $(1.7)$ | $(1.3)$ | $(1.0)$ |
| $\quad$ Federal | $(2.8)$ | $(2.2)$ | $(2.6)$ | $(2.5)$ |
| $\quad$ State and Local | $(3.4)$ | $(1.3)$ | $(0.4)$ | 0.0 |
| Personal Income | 5.1 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 4.7 |
| $\quad$ Wages \& Salaries | 4.0 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 4.8 |
| Corporate Profits | 7.3 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 3.4 |
| Productivity | 0.7 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.5 |
| Employment | 1.2 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.7 |
| CPI-Urban | 3.1 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| S\&P 500 Stock Price | 11.4 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 5.7 |
| Treasury Bill Rate (3-month)* | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Treasury Note Rate (10-year)* | 2.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.6 |
| * Annual average rate. |  |  |  |  |
| Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; Federal Reserve: Standard |  |  |  |  |
| \& Poor's; NYS Assembly Ways and Means Committee staff. |  |  |  |  |


| U.S. Economic Outlook <br> State Fiscal Year <br> (Percent Change) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual 2011-12 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Estimate } \\ 2012-13 \end{gathered}$ | Forecast 2013-14 | Forecast 2014-15 |
| Real GDP | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.9 |
| Real Consumption | 2.2 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.6 |
| Real Investment | 7.6 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 9.4 |
| Real Exports | 5.5 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 5.4 |
| Real Imports | 3.3 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 5.2 |
| Real Government | (3.1) | (1.4) | (1.3) | (0.9) |
| Federal | (3.3) | (2.1) | (2.6) | (2.5) |
| State and Local | (3.0) | (0.9) | (0.3) | 0.2 |
| Personal Income | 4.2 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 4.9 |
| Wages \& Salaries | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 5.0 |
| Corporate Profits | 8.7 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 3.2 |
| Productivity | 0.8 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.5 |
| Employment | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.8 |
| CPI-Urban (1982-84=100) | 3.3 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| S\&P 500 Stock Price (1941-43=10) | 8.1 | 10.6 | 7.2 | 6.5 |
| Treasury Bill Rate (3-month)* | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Treasury Note Rate (10-year)* | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.8 |
| * Fiscal year average rate. Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic An Poor's; NYS Assembly Ways and Means | is; U.S. Bur Committee | of Labor | Federal | ve; Standa |

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)
Code NAICS Title
11 Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting

111
112
113
114
115

Crop Production

Animal Production
Forestry and Logging
Fishing, Hunting and Trapping
Support Activities for Agriculture and Forestry

## Mining

Oil and Gas Extraction
Mining (except Oil and Gas)
Support Activities for Mining
Utilities
Utilities

## Construction

Construction of Buildings
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction
Specialty Trade Contractors
Manufacturing
Food Manufacturing
Beverage and Tobacco Product Manufacturing
Textile Mills
Textile Product Mills
Apparel Manufacturing
Leather and Allied Product Manufacturing
Wood Product Manufacturing
Paper Manufacturing
Printing and Related Support Activities
Petroleum and Coal Products Manufacturing
Chemical Manufacturing
Plastics and Rubber Products Manufacturing
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing
Primary Metal Manufacturing
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing
Machinery Manufacturing
Computer and Electronic Product Manufacturing
Electrical Equipment, Appliance, and Component Manufacturing
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing
Furniture and Related Product Manufacturing
Miscellaneous Manufacturing

## Wholesale Trade

Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods
Wholesale Electronic Markets and Agents and Brokers
** continued on next page **

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) - (continued)
Code NAICS Title

## 44-45 Retail Trade

441
442
443

Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers
Furniture and Home Furnishings Stores
Electronics and Appliance Stores
Building Material and Garden Equipment and Supplies Dealers
Food and Beverage Stores
Health and Personal Care Stores
Gasoline Stations
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, and Music Stores
General Merchandise Stores
Miscellaneous Store Retailers
Nonstore Retailers
Transportation and Warehousing
Air Transportation
Rail Transportation
Water Transportation
Truck Transportation
Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation
Pipeline Transportation
Scenic and Sightseeing Transportation
Support Activities for Transportation
Postal Service
Couriers and Messengers
Warehousing and Storage

## Information

Publishing Industries (except Internet)
Motion Picture and Sound Recording Industries
Broadcasting (except Internet)
Internet Publishing and Broadcasting
Telecommunications
Internet Service Providers, Web Search Portals, and Data Processing Services Other Information Services

## Finance and Insurance

Monetary Authorities - Central Bank
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities
Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investments and Related Activities
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities
Funds, Trusts, and Other Financial Vehicles
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing
Real Estate
Rental and Leasing Services
Lessors of Nonfinancial Intangible Assets (except Copyrighted Works)

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{ }^{* *} \text { continued on next page }{ }^{* *}
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Code NAICS Title
54 Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services
541 Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services
55 Management of Companies and Enterprises
551 Management of Companies and Enterprises
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services
Administrative and Support Services
Waste Management and Remediation Services

## Educational Services

Educational Services

## Health Care and Social Assistance

Ambulatory Health Care Services
Hospitals
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities
Social Assistance

## Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation

Performing Arts, Spectator Sports, and Related Industries
Museums, Historical Sites, and Similar Institutions
Amusement, Gambling, and Recreation Industries
Accommodation and Food Services
Accommodation
Food Services and Drinking Places
Other Services - except Public Administration
Repair and Maintenance
Personal and Laundry Services
Religious, Grantmaking, Civic, Professional, and Similar Organizations
Private Households
Public Administration
Executive, Legislative, and Other General Government Support
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities
Administration of Human Resource Programs
Administration of Environmental Quality Programs
Administration of Housing Programs, Urban Planning, and Community Development
Administration of Economic Programs
Space Research and Technology
National Security and International Affairs
Source: Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, North American Industry Classification System, United States, 2002.

